



Anthony Gell
— School —

HARMFUL SEXUAL BEHAVIOUR GUIDANCE

2025/2026

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Statement of Intent

Our school has a zero-tolerance approach to any harmful sexual behaviour involving children and acknowledges that it could be occurring at (insert name of school) and in our school community. The school is proactive in its approach to assessing prevalence, responding to incidents and challenging and changing behaviour. This policy applies to all governors, staff and learners.

Schools and colleges have a statutory duty to safeguarding the children in their setting. We work together to foster an environment that creates healthy relationships for children and young people.

Our whole-school approach encourages healthy relationships and works to prevent harmful sexual behaviour. We provide high quality education within the curriculum to reduce the likelihood of the situations occurring.

We recognise that harmful sexual behaviour is harmful to both the child/children affected by the behaviours and the child/children who displayed the behaviour and provide ongoing support for all involved.

Our approach is to treat everything as a safeguarding incident in the first instance - we distinguish between behaviours that are exploratory and part of healthy age and ability appropriate development and those that may be harmful.

As a school we provide regular opportunities for school staff to understand what harmful sexual behaviours might look like and what they should do in the event of a report. We do this by providing training and regular updates where possible.

We also use the RSHE curriculum to help educate students about these issues as well as regularly remind and promote reporting routes within school to ensure they know what to do should an incident occur.

Related Policies

In this section, we encourage you to list any related school policies that should be read in conjunction with the HSB policy:

- Child protection and safeguarding policy
- Whistleblowing
- Behaviour policy
- Anti-bullying policy
- Online safety
- Acceptable Use Agreements
- Teaching and Learning Policy
- PSHE Policy

Leaders and Designated Safeguarding Leads (DSLs)

Our leaders and DSLs have ultimate responsibility in dealing with all incidents of harmful sexual behaviour, including online. It is the expectation that all incidents of harmful sexual behaviour/sexual violence and harassment are reported to the school in line with school safeguarding and child protection procedures. We ensure that our DSLs and their deputies receive appropriate training so that they are confident in school safeguarding processes. They know when it is necessary to escalate and have information on what national specialist support is available to support all children involved in harmful sexual behaviour and are confident as to how to access this support when required.

Our DSLs and their deputies have an in-depth working knowledge of key documentation, particularly KCSIE 2024. We ensure that they receive appropriate specialist training, commensurate with their role, and provide ongoing training for all school staff.

It is the role of school leaders and DSLs to ensure that all staff and Governors receive training specific to harmful sexual behaviour and that it is included as part of induction.

Staff

It is the responsibility of all staff to have read and understood this policy and associated policies. All staff must report any incidents or suspected incidents of harmful sexual behaviour in line with school policy and ensure they are informed of the outcome. It is expected that all staff will challenge any harmful sexual language or inappropriate behaviour. Staff have a duty to ensure that the school environment is one which is safe, and which supports learners to understand safe and healthy relationships and appropriate behaviour through delivery of our curriculum.

Trustees/Governors

We ensure our trustees/governors receive appropriate training about what harmful sexual behaviour is, when it can pose a risk to children and how to keep children safe. Our trustees/governors receive regular training and updates, both in terms of what sexualised behaviour is, but also how to effectively support establishments and their stakeholders whilst holding provision to account.

As part of the headteacher's report, our trust board/governing body has the opportunity to monitor and evaluate the approach to harmful sexual behaviour to ensure it is adequate and effective. This includes evaluation of the curriculum, pupil voice activity and evaluation of parent/carers engagement. It is the responsibility of the trustees/governors to ensure that risks relating to these issues are identified, that a number of reporting routes are available, and that risks are effectively mitigated.

Learners

All learners have the right to learn in a safe, healthy and respectful school environment. Our learners benefit from a broad and balanced curriculum. They are taught about healthy relationships and how and when to report and that a range of different reporting routes are available to them. Our learners are encouraged to report any harmful sexual behaviour, even if they are not directly involved. All learners will be listened to if they make a disclosure and will be treated sensitively - whilst we cannot guarantee confidentiality, their requests will be considered when supporting them.

Parents/Carers

We work hard to engage parents and carers by:

- Running school sessions on Curriculum Information.
- Sharing newsletters
- Sharing information online e.g., website, social media
- Providing curriculum information
- The use of newsletters
- Inviting parents and carers in school for meetings and TAFS (Team Around the Family Meetings)
- Parent voice and feedback opportunities

Our parents and carers are made aware of how and when to report any concerns to the school, that all incidents will be handled with care and sensitivity, and that it may sometimes be necessary to involve other agencies.

Vulnerable Groups

We recognise that, nationally, vulnerable learners may be more likely to be at risk of experiencing HSB. These include:

- A child with additional needs and disabilities
- A child living with domestic abuse
- A child who is at risk of/suffering significant harm
- A child who is at risk of/or has been exploited or at risk of exploited (CRE, CSE)
- A care experienced child
- A child who goes missing or is missing education
- Children who identify as, or are perceived as, LGBTQI+ and/or any of the other protected characteristics
- Children displaying HSB have often experienced their own abuse and trauma. We work to ensure that any vulnerable learner is offered appropriate support, both within and outside school, sometimes via specialist agencies

Training

Through the provision of good quality training and support, we strive to foster in our DSLs, and their deputies, a good understanding of HSB. This will form part of their safeguarding training. Supporting them in planning preventative education and measures, drafting and implementing an effective child protection policy and incorporating the approach to sexual violence and sexual harassment into the whole school approach to safeguarding. The training includes:

- [Brook traffic light tool](#)
- [NSPCC training](#)
- Whole staff training
- FLICK training
- Action for Children Webinars

Our training strategy supports staff to respond effectively to different types of harassment and sexual misconduct incidents. An assessment of the training needs of all staff will be undertaken regularly and will form the basis of our training strategy. This strategy will be reviewed and evaluated on a regular basis to ensure it is fit for purpose.

Training will be made available on an ongoing basis for all staff and students to raise awareness of harassment and sexual misconduct with the purpose of preventing incidents and encouraging reporting where they do occur.

Helpful links

[Child Exploitation and Online Protection command](#)

CEOP is a law enforcement agency which aims to keep children and young people safe from sexual exploitation and abuse. Online sexual abuse can be reported on their website and a report made to one of their Child Protection Advisors.

[The NSPCC](#)

provides a helpline for professionals at 0808 800 5000 and help@nspcc.org.uk. The helpline provides expert advice and support for school and college staff, and will be especially useful for the designated safeguarding lead (and their deputies).

Specialist Sexual Violence Sector Organisations

You can access support from specialist sexual violence sector organisations such as [Rape Crisis](#) or The [Survivors Trust](#).

The Anti-Bullying Alliance has developed guidance for schools about [Sexual and sexist bullying](#).

[The UK Safer Internet Centre](#)

Provides an online safety helpline for professionals at 0344 381 4772 and <mailto:helpline@saferinternet.org.uk>. The helpline provides expert advice and support for school and college staff regarding online safety issues.

[Internet Watch Foundation](#)

If the incident/report you are dealing with involves sexual images or videos that have been made and circulated online, the victim can be supported to get the images removed by the Internet Watch Foundation (IWF).

[Childline/IWF Report Remove](#)

This is a free tool that allows children to report nude or sexual images and/or videos of themselves that they think might have been shared online.

[UKCIS Sharing Nudes and Semi-nudes Advice](#)

Advice for education settings working with children and young people on responding to reports of children sharing non-consensual nude and semi-nude images and/or videos (also known as sexting and youth produced sexual imagery).

[Thinkuknow](#)

The NCA-CEOP provides support for the children's workforce, parents and carers on staying safe online.

The Centre of Expertise on Child Sexual Abuse

This centre has developed a range of helpful resources to identify and respond to child sexual abuse, including a [guide for professionals supporting children following incidents of HSB](#).

[Lucy Faithfull Foundation](#)

The foundation is a UK-wide charity dedicated solely to preventing child sexual abuse. They work to prevent abuse from happening in the first place by working with all those affected including adult male and female abusers

Marie Collins Foundation

Support people to recover from technology assisted sexual abuse in childhood. We do this directly by supporting individuals and their families, and indirectly through advocacy and education.

NSPCC National Clinical and Assessment Service

(NCATS) a national service that offers assessment, treatment, consultation and training for and about children and young people where there are concerns about harmful sexual behaviour

Project deSHAME from Childnet

Provides useful research, advice and resources regarding online sexual harassment.

Education

Our school's educational approach seeks to develop knowledge and understanding of healthy, problematic or sexually harmful behaviours, and empowers young people to make healthy, informed decisions. Our school's approach is delivered predominantly through PSHE and RSE with additional opportunities provided through:

Cross curricular programmes (e.g., using the [ProjectEVOLVE](#) resources)

Computing

There are other opportunities to deliver teaching and learning around HSB in e.g., assemblies, pastoral/form time, discrete lessons, visits from outside agencies.

Our approach is given the time it deserves and is authentic i.e., based on current issues nationally, locally and within our setting. It is shaped and evaluated by learners and other members of the school community to ensure that it is dynamic, evolving and based on need. We do this through:

- Surveys
- Focus groups
- Parental engagement
- Staff consultation
- Staff training

The following resources are used:

- ProjectEVOLVE - <https://projectevolve.co.uk>
- NSPCC resources
- Think U Know resources
- Approved Personal Development Resources on Healthy Relationships
- Input from SV2jessica.bradley8@nhs.net

In line with good practice, we have created child-friendly versions of key safeguarding policies, produced which are regularly evaluated in consultation with young people.

Reporting

Our systems are well promoted in order to be easily understood and easily accessible for children and young people to confidently report abuse, knowing their concerns will be treated seriously. All reports will be dealt with swiftly and sensitively and outcomes shared where appropriate. We also respond to anonymous reports, or reports made by third parties. This can be done via; DSL's, online reporting or via email or outside agencies e.g. Starting Point.

We also recognise that incidents will not always be reported directly to us, therefore we also train staff to recognise and spot signs of harmful sexual behaviour.

Responding to an Incident or Disclosure

We recognise the importance of distinguishing between healthy, problematic and harmful sexual behaviour.

Our response is always based on sound safeguarding principles and follows school safeguarding processes. It is considered appropriate and puts the learner at the centre of all decisions made.

The school will always adopt a multi-agency approach and seek external support and guidance, in line with school policy, if deemed necessary. This may include: CAMHS, Early Help, School Health, Stop It Now, Youth Workers, Police.

Risk Assessment

The school may deem it necessary to complete a harmful sexual behaviour risk assessment as part of the response to any reported incidents. The purpose of the risk assessment is to protect and support **all those involved** by identifying potential risk, both in and out of school (e.g., public transport, after school clubs etc) and by clearly describing the strategies put in place to mitigate such risk.

The risk assessment will be completed following a meeting with all professionals working with the learner, as well as parents or carers. Where appropriate, the learners involved will also be asked to contribute.

The risk assessment will be shared with all staff who work with the learner, as well as parents and carers. It will respond to any changes in behaviour and will be regularly updated and evaluated to assess impact.